

Self-installing two-bladed 6.2 MW offshore turbine

Seawind Ocean Technology B.V.

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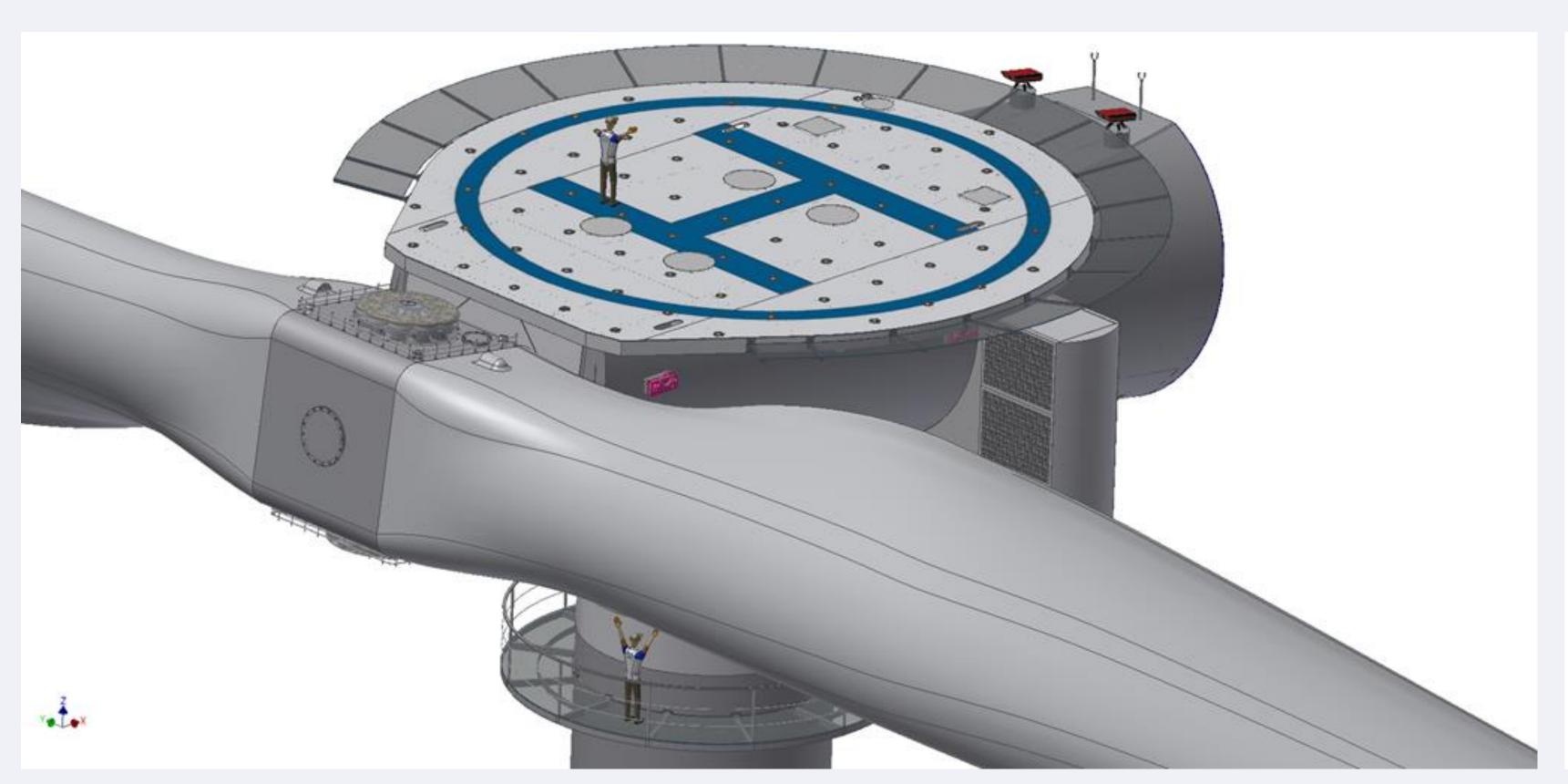
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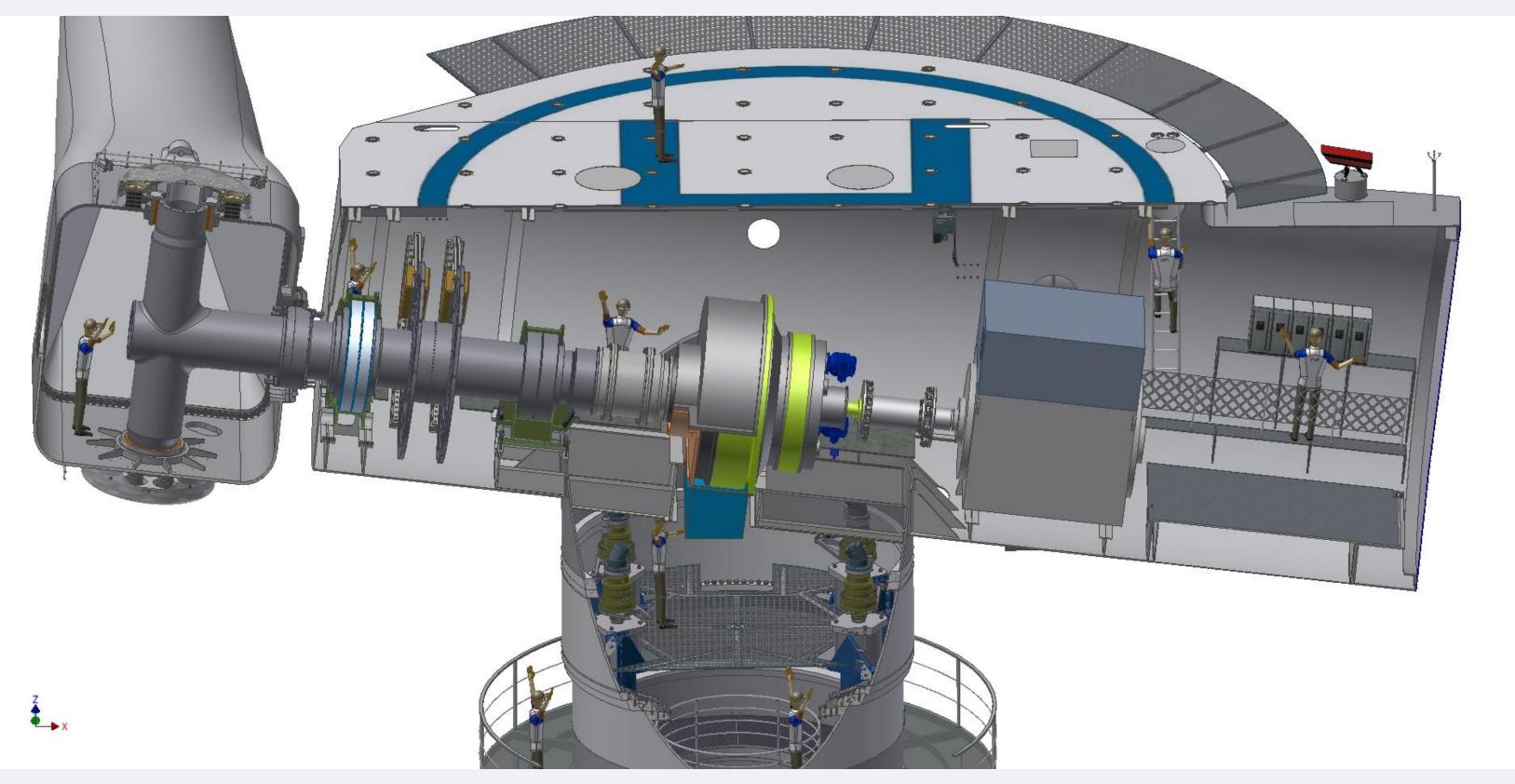
The pathway to lower the offshore wind CoE (to € 0.05/kWh @ 9 m/s)

- > Install a fully assembled turbine/support structure system with a simple and fast "one-shot" method rather than construction at sea;
- > Use a two-bladed upwind turbine with teetering hinge technology and active yaw control, which is simpler, lighter, and easier to handle in offshore deployments than three-bladed wind turbines.

The offshore wind turbine: Seawind 6

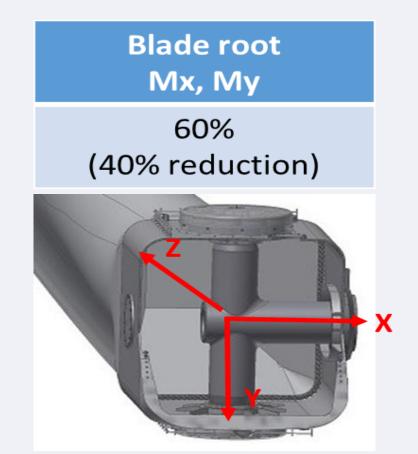
- > The robust but lightweight Seawind 6.2 MW offshore wind turbine is characterized by:
 - A turbine head weight of 290 t (including a strong helideck for twin engine helicopters on top of the nacelle);
 - Low fatigue and ultimate loads on drive train and rotor with expected life of 30+ years, when using a simple lifetime extension approach;
 - The ability to perform maintenance and repair onboard without using crane vessels or jack-ups;
 - Redundant critical components and subsystems; no complex blade pitch mechanism;
 - Drivetrain mounted on a stiff self-supporting body, which is the integrated bed plate-cover structure (steel nacelle).

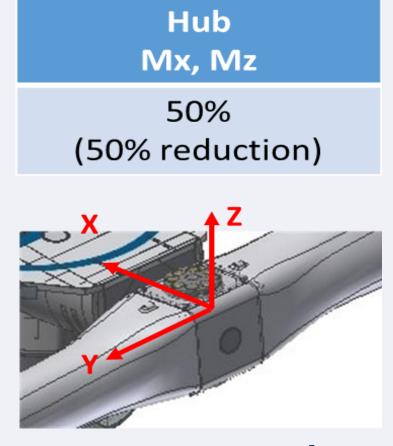




Strong helideck above the rotor for twin engine helicopter landing

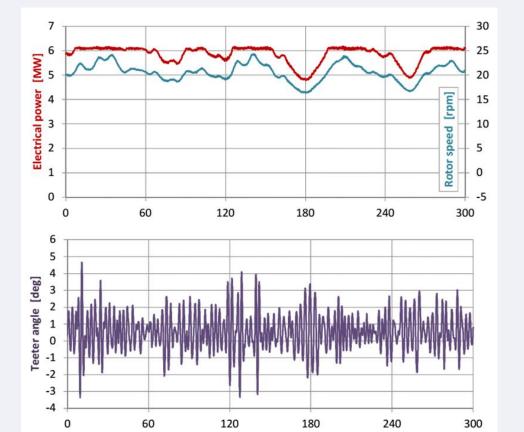
Spacious nacelle for on-board repair, electrical system in support structure

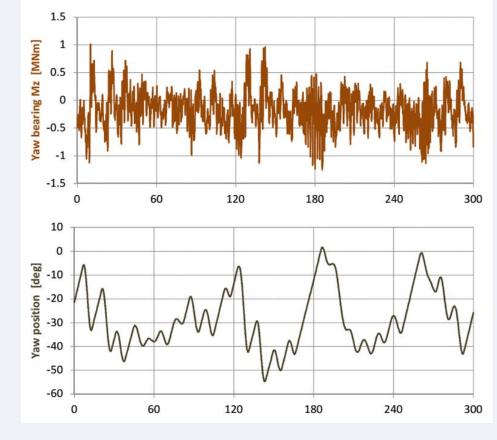






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Low fatigue for long-lived components (compared w. 3-bladed turbines)

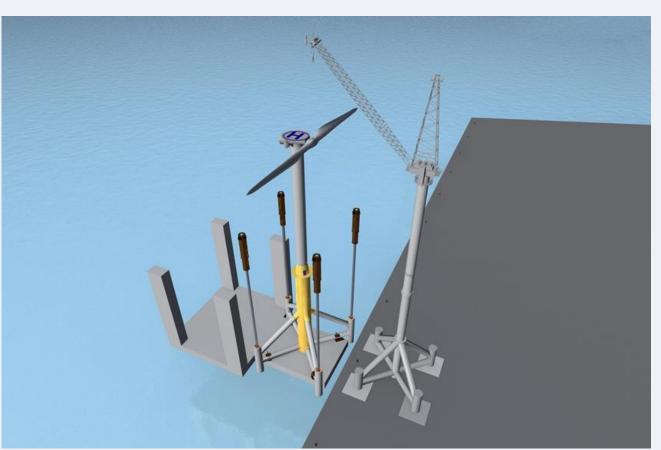
Example of Seawind 6 operation in turbulent wind

The innovative installation method for shallow water (up to 50 m)

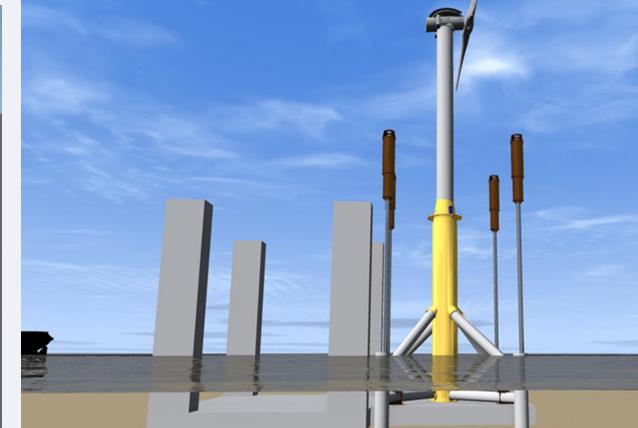
- > Assembly of the wind turbine/support structure system at a pier; launching of the complete system, instead of assembling it at the sea site;
- > A cost effective and simple self-installing process with an economic launching barge and pile driving requiring no crane vessels or jack-ups;



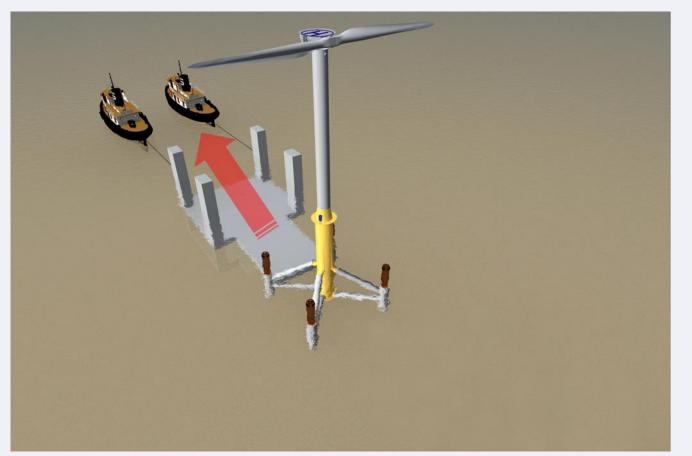




Ready for towing



During transport



Pile driving completed



System installed

Conclusions

Merely adapting the fundamental elements of three-bladed wind turbines and their piece-by-piece installation methods, which has been drawn from the onshore wind industry, has driven the offshore wind energy CoE to today's unacceptable levels.

Only a radical change of approach in the offshore wind industry will allow it to survive and reach its full potential.

References

The two-bladed revolution, Recharge, June 2014; A new generation of wind turbines to bring down the cost of offshore wind power P.O.W.E.R.E.D., Ancona, May 2013.



