

How to Improve Energy Predictions?

4th December 2012 Andrew Tindal, SVP Head of Energy



Why do we need to improve?

For wind to compete in the global energy market we need trust

- Trust from Developers / Owners to take projects forward
- Trust from Financiers to put money into wind projects

Wind already has the challenge of wind variability to deal with

- This has the potential to give Owners / Financiers surprises
- Need to reduce other potential sources of surprises

Power curves are a potential source of surprises

- There are complex technical issues to deal with
- Unlike wind variability the issues are under the control of our industry



What about warranties?

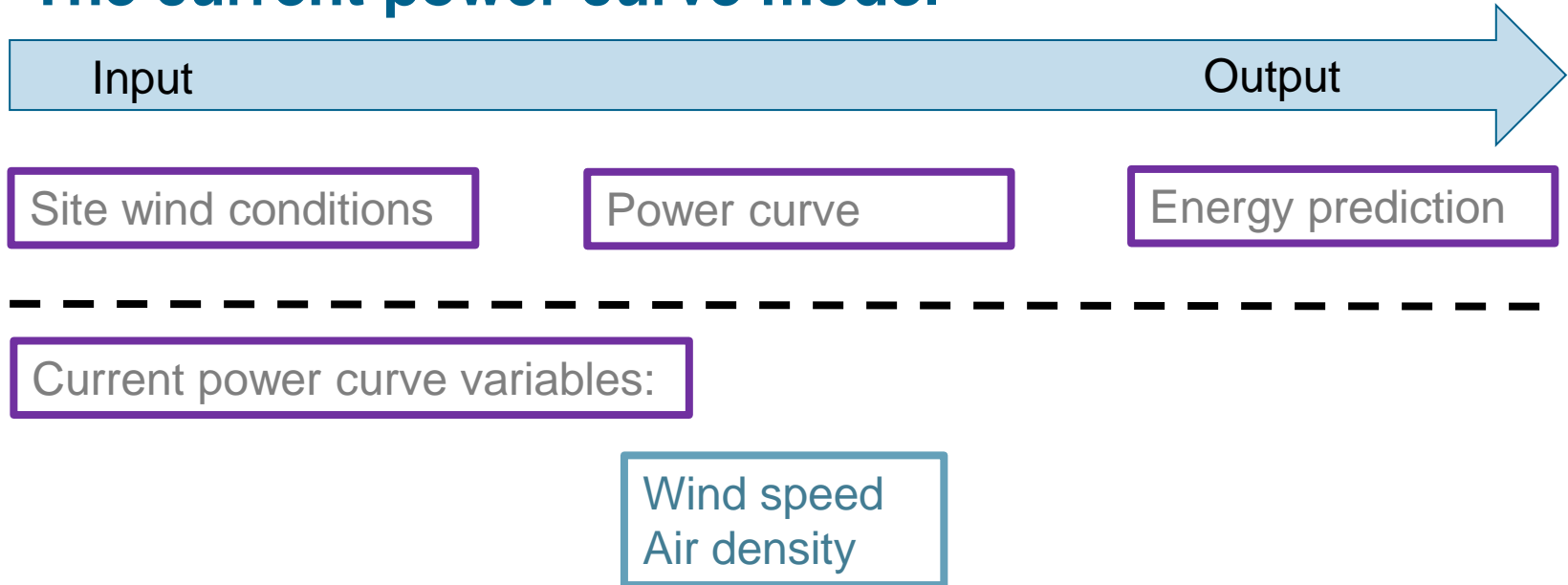
Focus of this presentation is how we can improve predictions

It would be naive to ignore the fact that power curves are subject to warranty arrangements – but these are commercial arrangements – and are outside the direct scope of this presentation

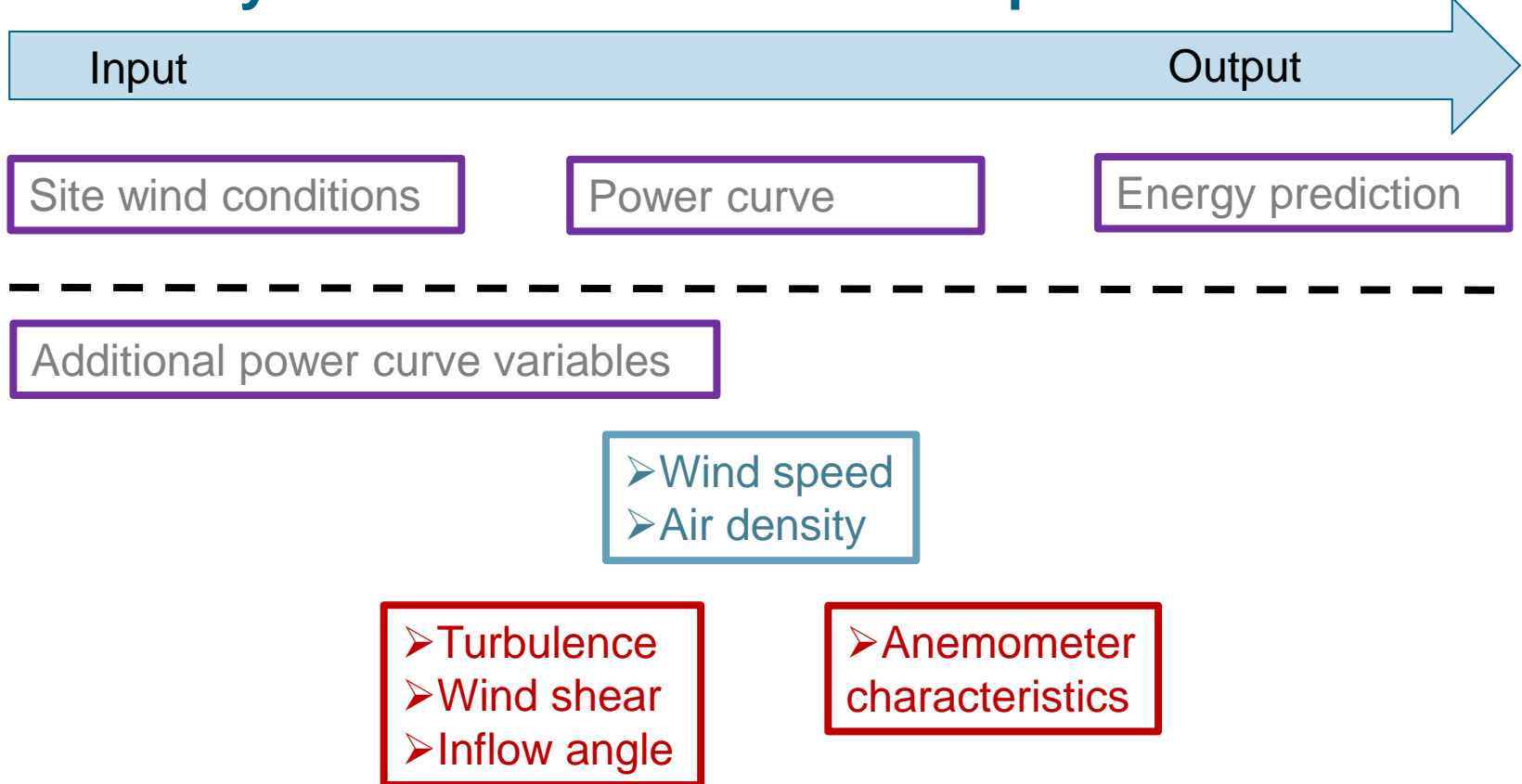
To make progress need to consider how predictions can be improved by better modelling the science of what is going on



The current power curve model



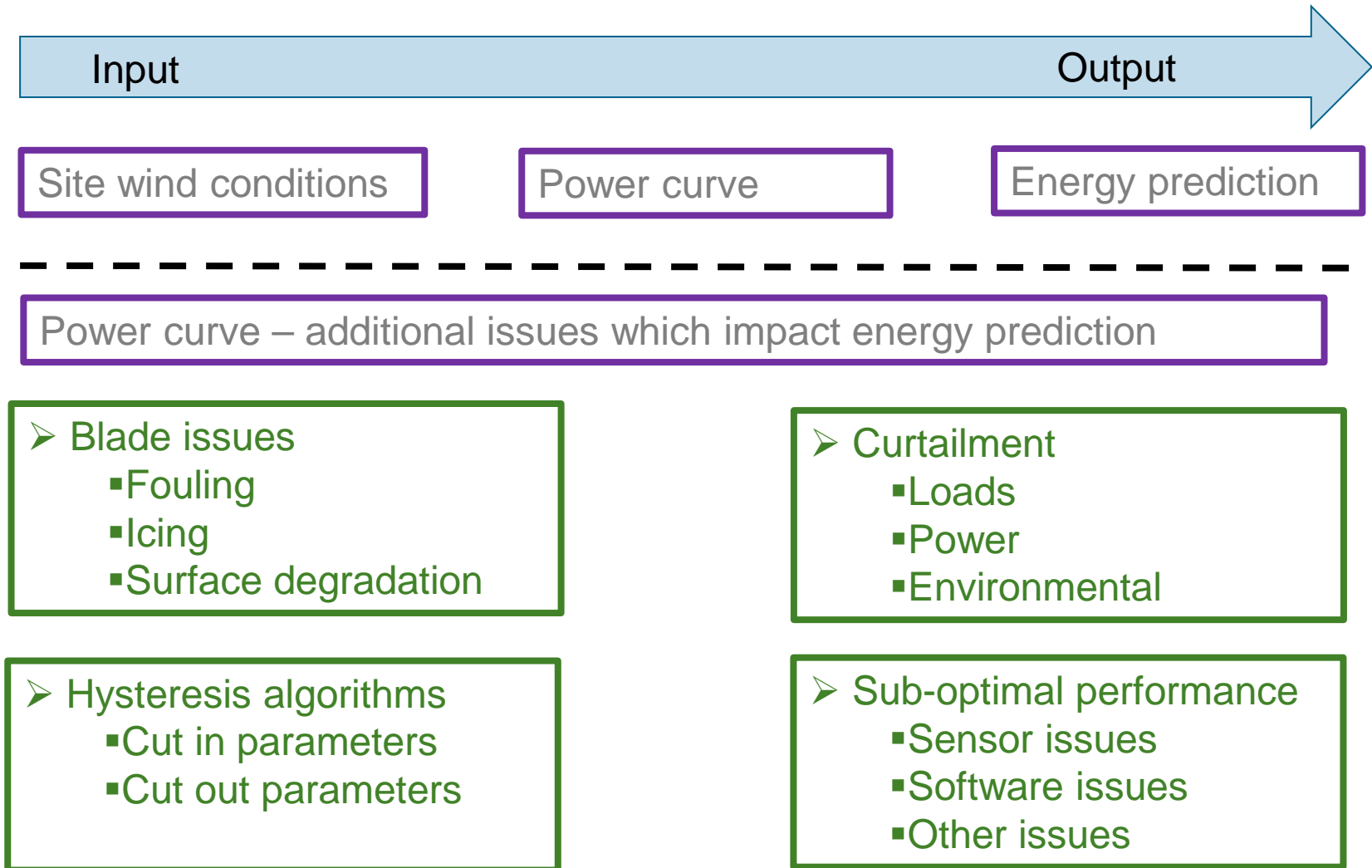
In reality the situation is more complex – core issues



These parameters vary with effects of terrain, roughness, atmospheric conditions and wakes of other turbines

Site measurements may use different sensors from sensors assumed for sales power curve

There are other issues which impact power performance



What would help improve predictions?

Theme 1 – Definition of the problem

Agreement of the variables to which a power curve is sensitive



What would help improve predictions?

Theme 2 – A clear starting point

A specific definition of the conditions for which a sales power is representative

Improved knowledge of the information used to define the sales power curve



What would help improve predictions?

Theme 3 – Improved models and measurements

Improved models to allow power curves to be adjusted on a site specific basis for all variables to which a power curve is sensitive

Changing site specific measurement campaigns to provide better data as inputs to power curve adjustment models



What would help improve predictions?

Theme 4 – Information to improve models for “additional issues”

Improved information exchange to better model:



- Curtailment
- Hysteresis algorithms
- Blade issues
- Sub-optimal performance

Questions?
Discussion to be continued in afternoon

